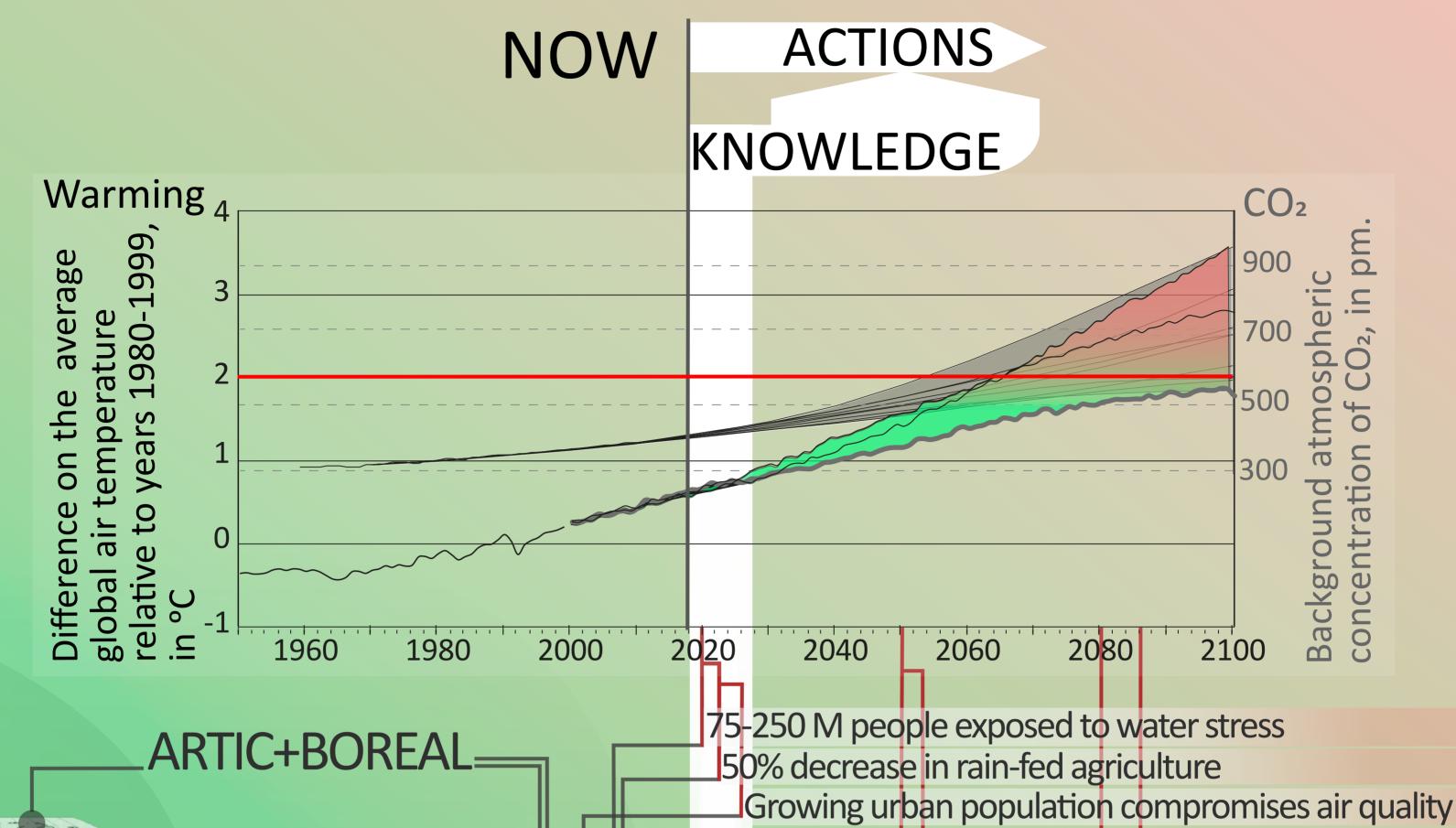
Based on Markku Kulmala's comment in Nature 553, 21-23 (2018)

## **BUILD A GLOBAL EARTH OBSERVATORY** because



Decreased freshwater availability in large river basins

Replacement of tropical forest by savanna

Increase 5-8% arid lands

Sea level rise affects coastal areas with large populations

Large regions with sparse observations. Knowledge gap to be solved with an integrated network, extensive coverage and exhaustive observations.

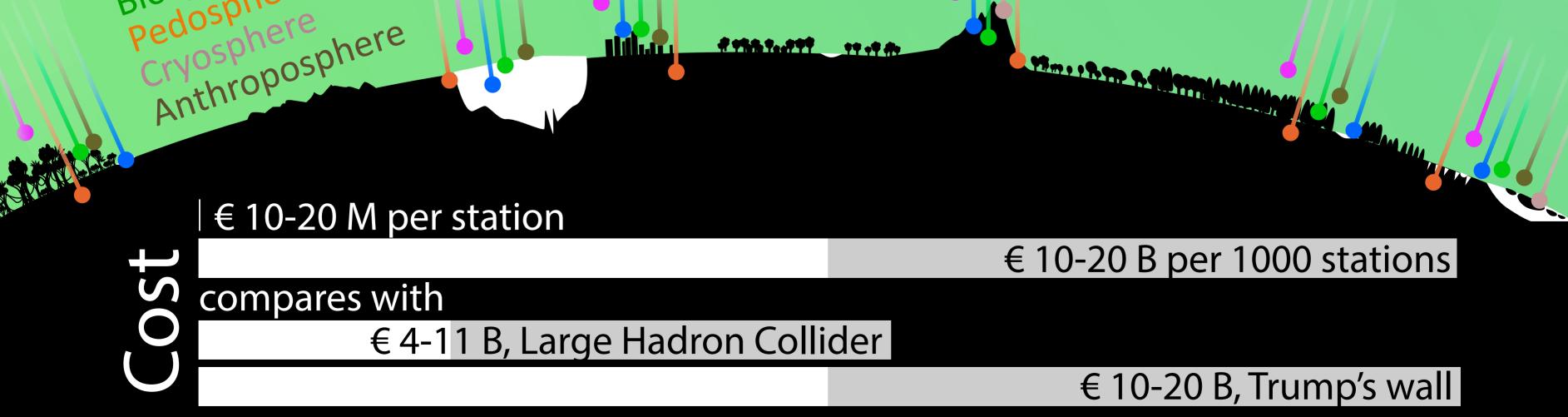
CITIES

AFRICA

S-AMERICA

LTER AnaEE **GAW-WMO ACTRIS** 





Data sources and details: past to current CO<sub>2</sub> concentration are Mauna Loa measurements as provided by Dr. Pieter Tans, NOAA/ESRL (www.esrl.noaa.gov/gmd/ccgg/trends/) and Dr. Ralph Keeling, Scripps Institution of Oceanography (scrippsco2.ucsd.edu/). Rest of data in the timeline is taken from IPCC data center (www.ipcc-data.org). Warming is expressed in °C as the multi-model average of detrended globally averaged TAS anomalies relative to 1980-1999 as delivered in the IPCC 4<sup>th</sup> assessment report. Projected CO<sub>2</sub> and warming values are shown for the spectra of possible future scenarios, as described in IPCC reports. Cost of LHC is from CERN-Brochure-2017-002-Eng; cost of Trump's wall extracted from Statista.com, "dimensions-costs-trump-mexico-wall".

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